

touched by the prospector. The asbestos deposits of the Eastern Townships, which supply most of the world's requirements of this product, are at present the most important of the mineral resources. The production increased from 1921 to 1923, but showed a decline in 1924.

Lead and zinc concentrates with values of gold and silver are shipped intermittently from Notre-Dame-des-Anges, and copper ores and concentrates have also been exported. Recent discoveries of gold in the northwestern part of the province adjacent to the Kirkland Lake district show that the rich gold deposits of Ontario extend across the interprovincial boundary into Northern Quebec and that the province may yet become an important producer of gold. Substantial quantities of bog iron ore were obtained in the vicinity of St. Maurice and Fermont, near Three Rivers, for the forges of French Canada, the first of which was established in 1670. Small quantities of titaniferous ore are now obtained from Baie St. Paul. Aluminium is manufactured in electric furnaces at Shawinigan Falls from imported bauxite ores.

The limestones and igneous rocks of the province supply cement, building and ornamental stone and other materials of construction. Clays are extensively used for the manufacture of brick and sewerpipe.

7.—Mineral Production of Quebec, 1922-1924.¹

Products.	1922.		1923.		1924.	
	Quantity.	Value.	Quantity.	Value.	Quantity.	Value.
METALLIC—		\$		\$		\$
Chromite..... tons	-	-	3,558	52,650	-	-
Copper..... lb.	-	-	-	-	1,893,008	246,546
Gold..... fine oz.	-	-	667	13,788	883	18,253
Iron ore, sold for export..... tons	526	1,410	69	186	1,408	3,771
Lead..... lb.	-	-	520,041	37,334	1,058,983	85,820
Molybdenite..... "	-	-	-	-	18,739	9,370
Silver..... fine oz.	-	-	33,006	21,412	83,814	55,972
Zinc..... lb.	-	-	366,240	24,197	2,909,008	184,547
NON-METALLIC—						
Asbestos..... tons	163,706	5,552,723	231,476	7,519,906	225,572	6,618,930
Chromite..... "	767	11,503	2	2	-	-
Feldspar..... "	12,472	127,826	12,026	102,779	16,147	142,118
Graphite..... "	24	1,500	45	2,316	46	3,275
Magnesite..... "	2,849	76,294	4,801	134,382	3,873	101,356
Mica..... "	1,360	97,748	1,545	216,684	1,677	185,020
Mineral water..... gal.	12,161	3,692	5,421	2,408	7,683	2,288
Iron oxides..... tons	7,282	110,488	9,911	123,186	7,146	88,540
Phosphate..... "	131	1,320	30	600	-	-
Pyrites..... "	-	-	-	-	4,032	10,619
Quartz..... "	10,994	53,023	13,376	68,936	17,893	87,267
Talc and soapstone.. "	150	4,950	590	19,993	449	20,273
STRUCTURAL MATERIALS—						
Cement..... brl.	2,660,935	5,907,300	3,173,993	6,347,986	2,758,316	4,796,959
Clay products..... "	-	2,476,370	-	2,437,229	-	2,435,695
Kaolin..... tons	1,197	17,866	163	2,369	-	-
Lime—						
Quicklime..... bush.	2,108,513	634,157	2,198,071	576,731	2,219,359	640,990
Hydrated lime..... tons	5,278	55,642	5,595	57,482	5,848	58,947
Sand and gravel..... "	905,101	150,940	1,055,817	206,175	2,197,145	414,428
Slate..... "	1,899	14,871	1,836	17,289	-	-
Stone..... "	987,355	2,342,316	1,094,816	2,322,745	1,592,089	2,925,520
Total.....	-	17,647,939	-	20,308,763	-	19,136,504

¹ There is also in this province an important production of aluminium from imported ores.

² Included in metallics, 1923.

4.—ONTARIO.

The mineral industry of Ontario is characterized by rapid growth, great variety of products and domination of the world's nickel and cobalt markets. In fact,